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MITAMS



**Maryland Integrated Travel
Analysis Modeling System**

Agenda

- Agency Needs and Expectations
- Data hub and Multi-Resolution Networks
- Sequential InSITE ABM-DTALite integration
- Day-to-Day and Within-Day SILK AgBM-DTALite Integration
- ARPA-E iPretii Technology (Application)

Agency Needs and Expectations

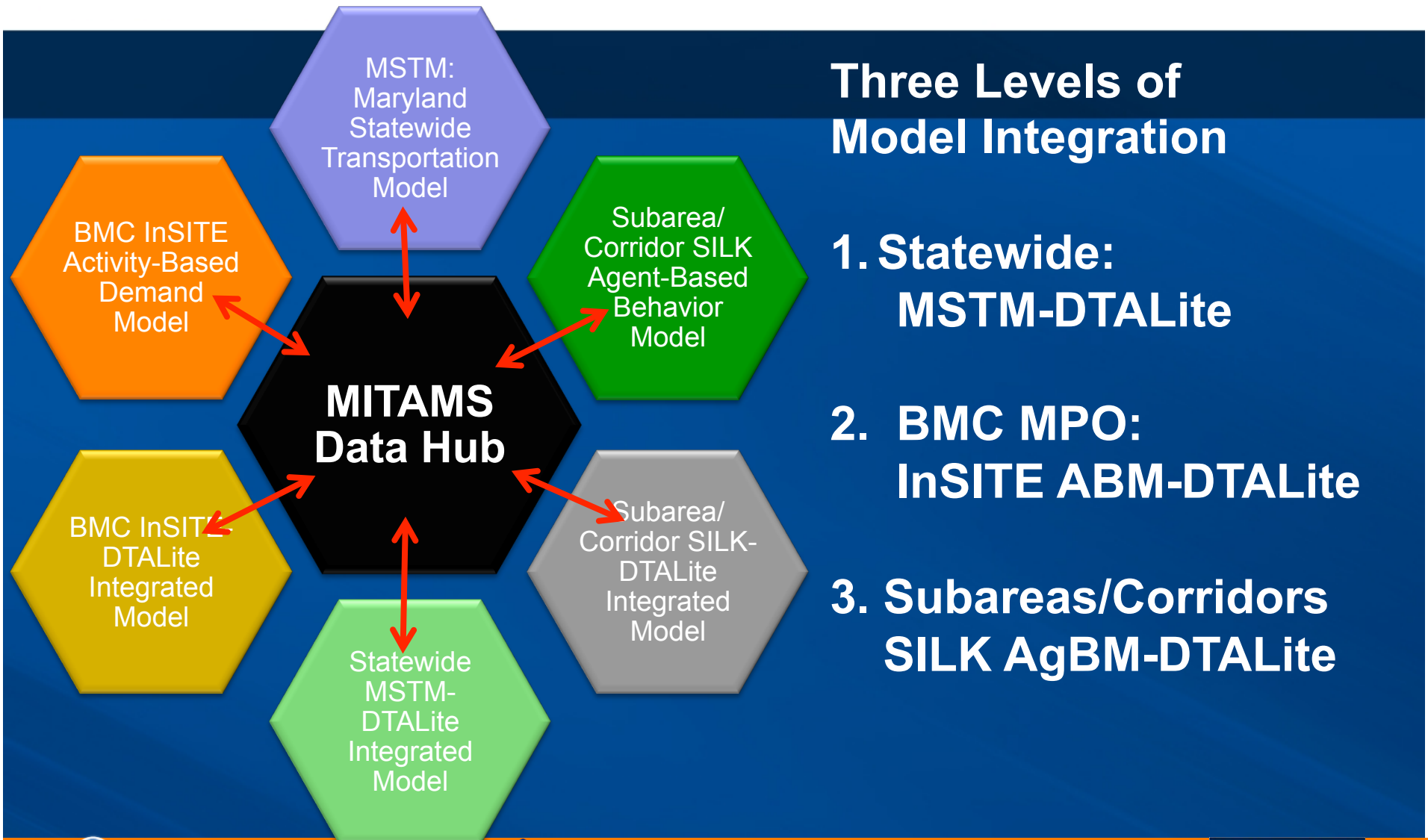
Maryland State Highway Administration (Lead agency)

- Performance based planning and programming
- Increased focus on operations and mainstreaming TSM&O
- System efficiency and reliability are key drivers

Baltimore Metropolitan Council (Partner agency)

- Improve simulation capacity in estimating duration and location of delay
- Improve travel time estimates by time of day
- Improve volume and LOS measures (reliability) abandoning V/C ratios
- Travel Demand Management policies, especially pricing.

Overall design of Data Hub and 3 Levels Model Integration

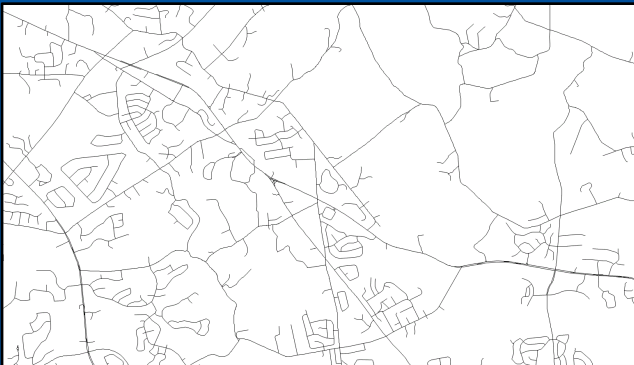


Data Hub: Multi-Resolution Network



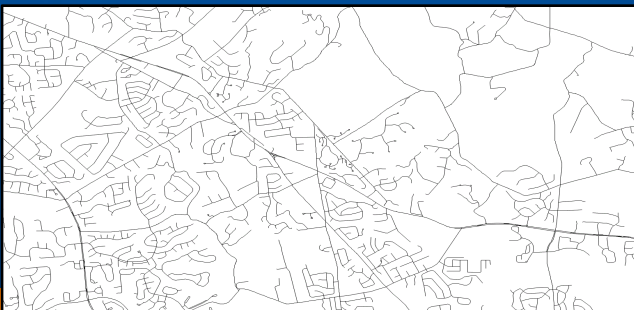
1. Macroscopic

- Regional Evaluations
- Project Screening
- Long Distance Travel
- Title Sheet Forecasts



2. Mesoscopic

- Dynamic Traffic Assignment
- Project Forecasting
- Turning Movement Forecasts
- Transit Evaluations



3. Microscopic

- TOD Studies
- Active Transportation Evaluation
- Transportation /Land Use Studies
- Microsimulation

Data Hub: Multi-Resolution Network

SHA Centerline File

HPMS Data

Routable Multi-Resolution GIS
Network with Model Attributes

GIS GUI to Dynamically Select
Detailed Study Area

Multi-Resolution Model Network

Segments Assigned to levels:

1. Macroscopic – MSTM Zone
2. Mesoscopic – BMC Zones/
Census Block Groups
3. Microscopic – Parcel Level/
Census Block

Selects Area to be run at levels 2
or 3, remaining model structure
will be run at level 1 resolution

Captures national, regional, and
local travel flows without
exceeding software zone limits
or excessive run times

Data Hub: Multi-Resolution Network

Summary

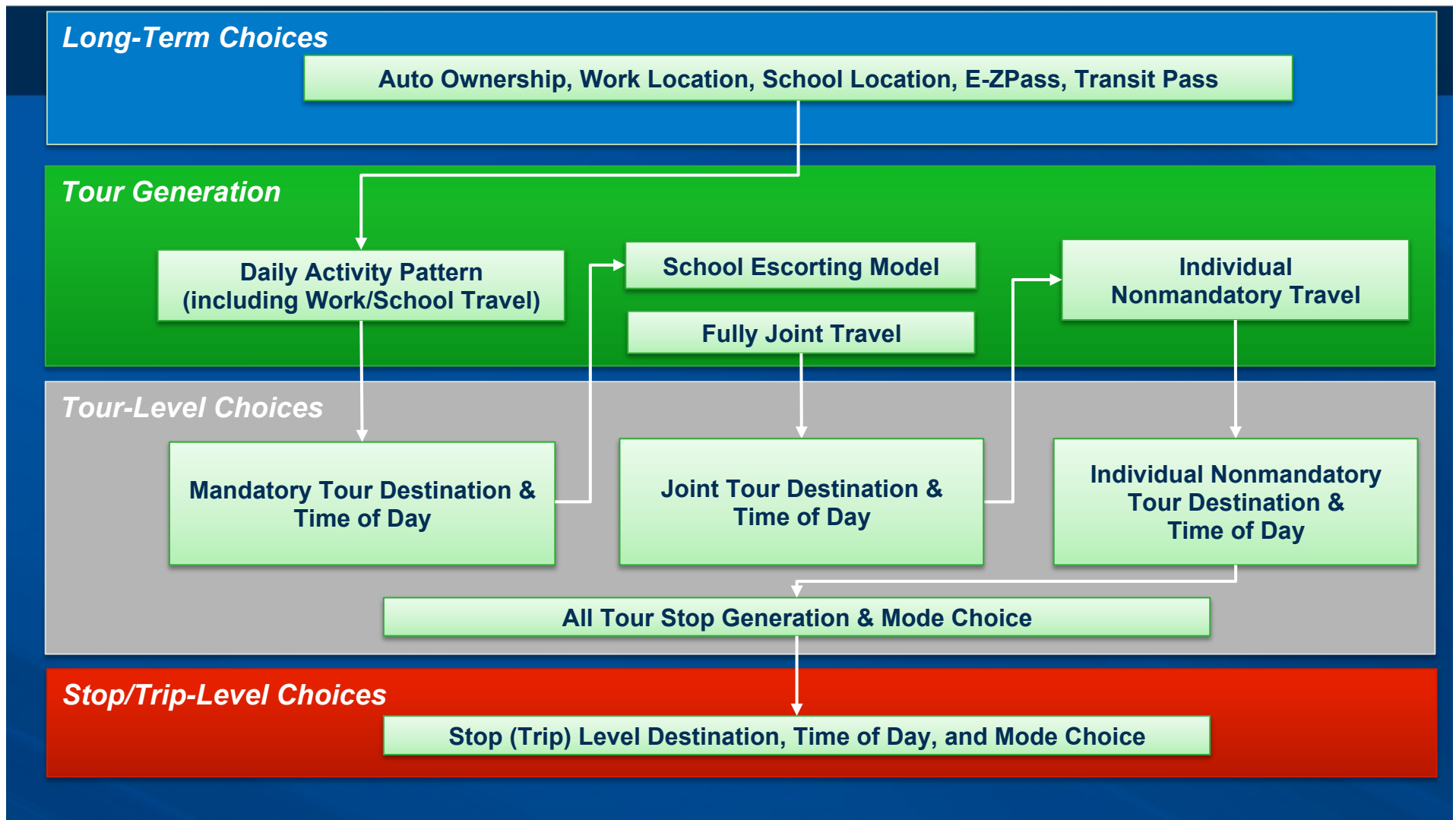
1. The network file contains a variety of attributes (from sources such as HERE, INRIX, Centerline, HPMS) required for DTA, model calibration and validation.
2. It allows quick sub area analyses by leveraging the three levels of the network at different resolutions.
3. Reduces the need to add details to the network on an ad-hoc basis to support project level forecasting and analysis.

Current MITAMS C10 Approach

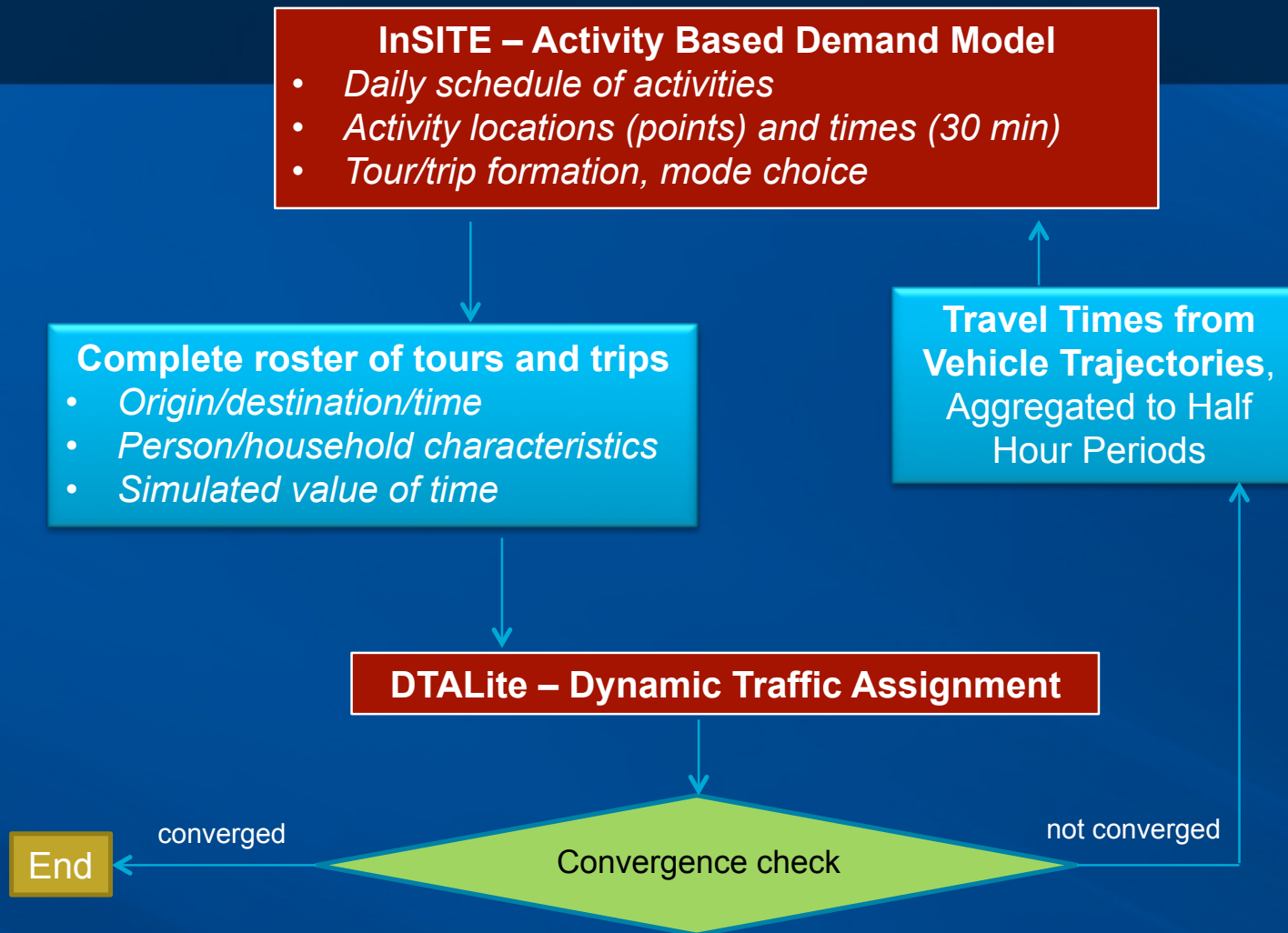
Three integrated models:

- a. InSITE-DTALite – BMC MPO
- b. SILK AgBM-DTALite – Subareas/Corridors
- c. MSTM-DTALite – Statewide MD

BMC InSITE Activity-Based Model



InSITE-DTALite: Sequential Integration



InSITE-DTALite

ABM Features

- **Disaggregate demand at all levels**
 - Travel and Activity analyses for different population segments
- **Chaining of trips according to temporal and spatial constraints**
 - Dependency in the decisions of travel and activity participation
 - Decisions based on time available to travel and location of activities
- **Fine time resolution for the demand**
- **Activity-based Accessibility Measure**
 - Utility-based measure considering constraints, scheduling, and preferences of the travelers.

InSITE-DTALite Model Innovations

- **Simulated Values of Time**
 - Captures the heterogeneity in VOT by agents and travel purposes
 - Support the analysis of tolling scenarios and others.
- **Intra-Household Interactions**
 - Decisions based on lifestyle choices and household constraints
 - Participation in joint activities and joint travel.
- **Convergence Paradigm**

InSITE-DTALite Applications

- **Corridor planning studies**
 - a. Tolling/HOV/HOT Lane analysis
 - b. Low cost improvements analysis – bottleneck mitigation
 - c. Land use change – Development impacts
 - d. Mobile Source Emissions – Hot spot analysis improved drive cycles, VMT mix
 - e. Transit improvements – bus only lanes/bus on shoulder
 - f. Traffic management and operations – CMP, ITS,
- **Regional planning studies**
 - a. Land use Transportation connection – access to jobs, combined cost of transportation and housing
 - b. Demographic structure changes – aging of the population and travel
 - c. System performance – evaluation of LRP goals and objectives
 - d. Goods movement (SHRP2 C20 grant – Freight tour roster)
 - e. Pricing Policy – Trust fund evaluation (VMT tax)
 - f. And others.

SILK AgBM-DTALite Overview

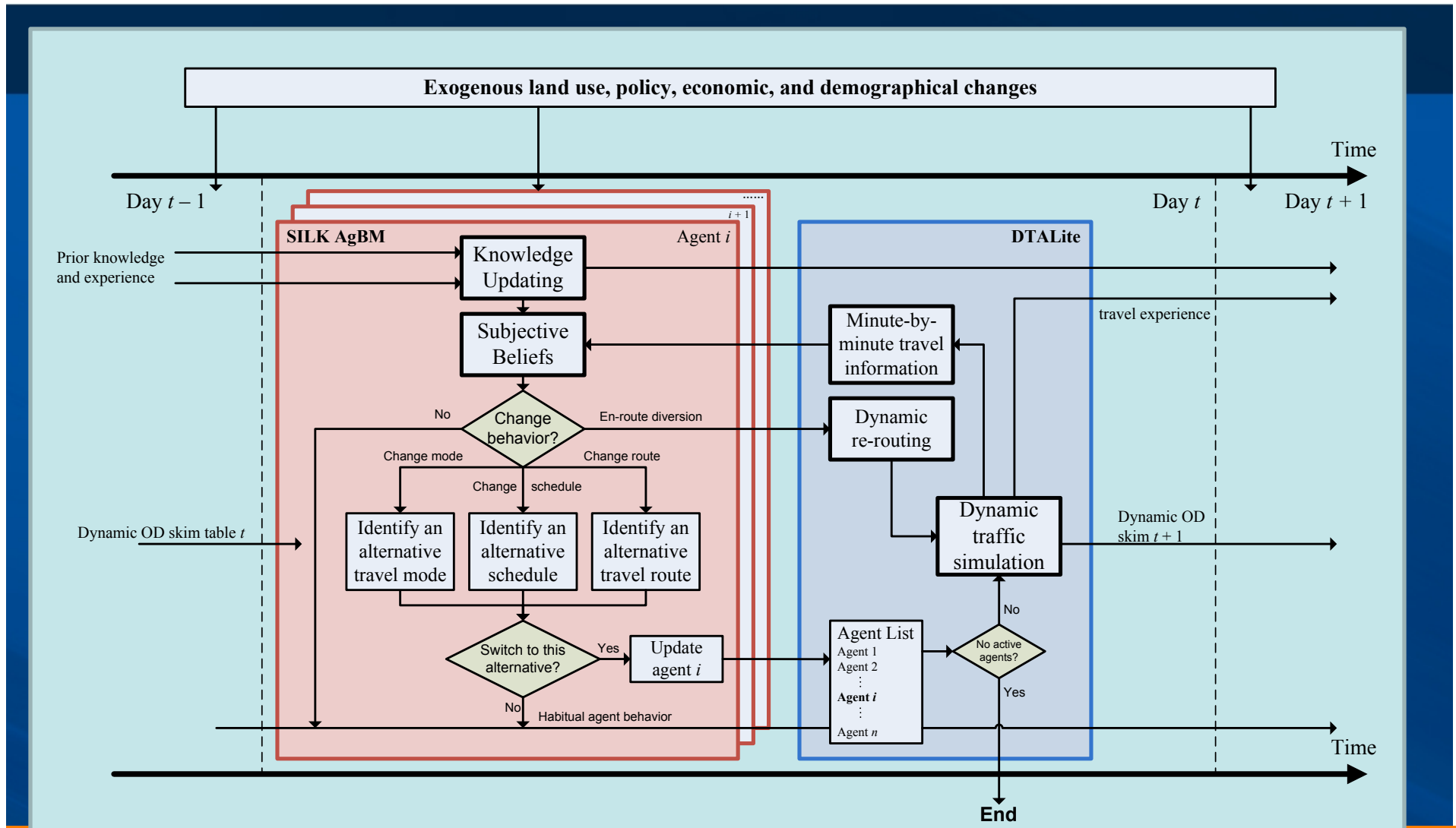
1. Two levels of integration

- Day-to-day integration
- Within-day integration

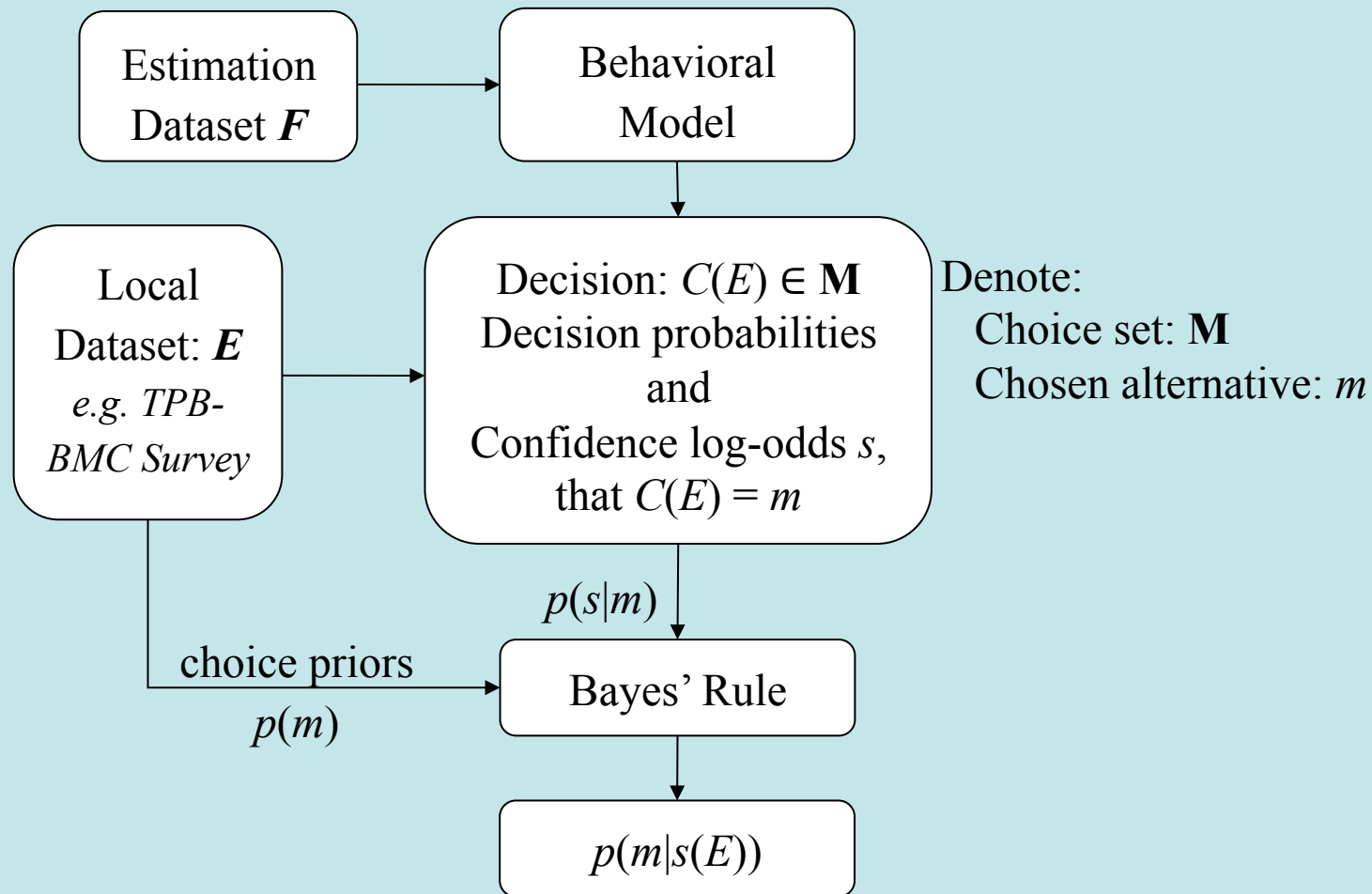
2. Travel behavior dimensions

- Mode/departure time/route choices
- En-route diversion

SHA SILK Agent-Based Model



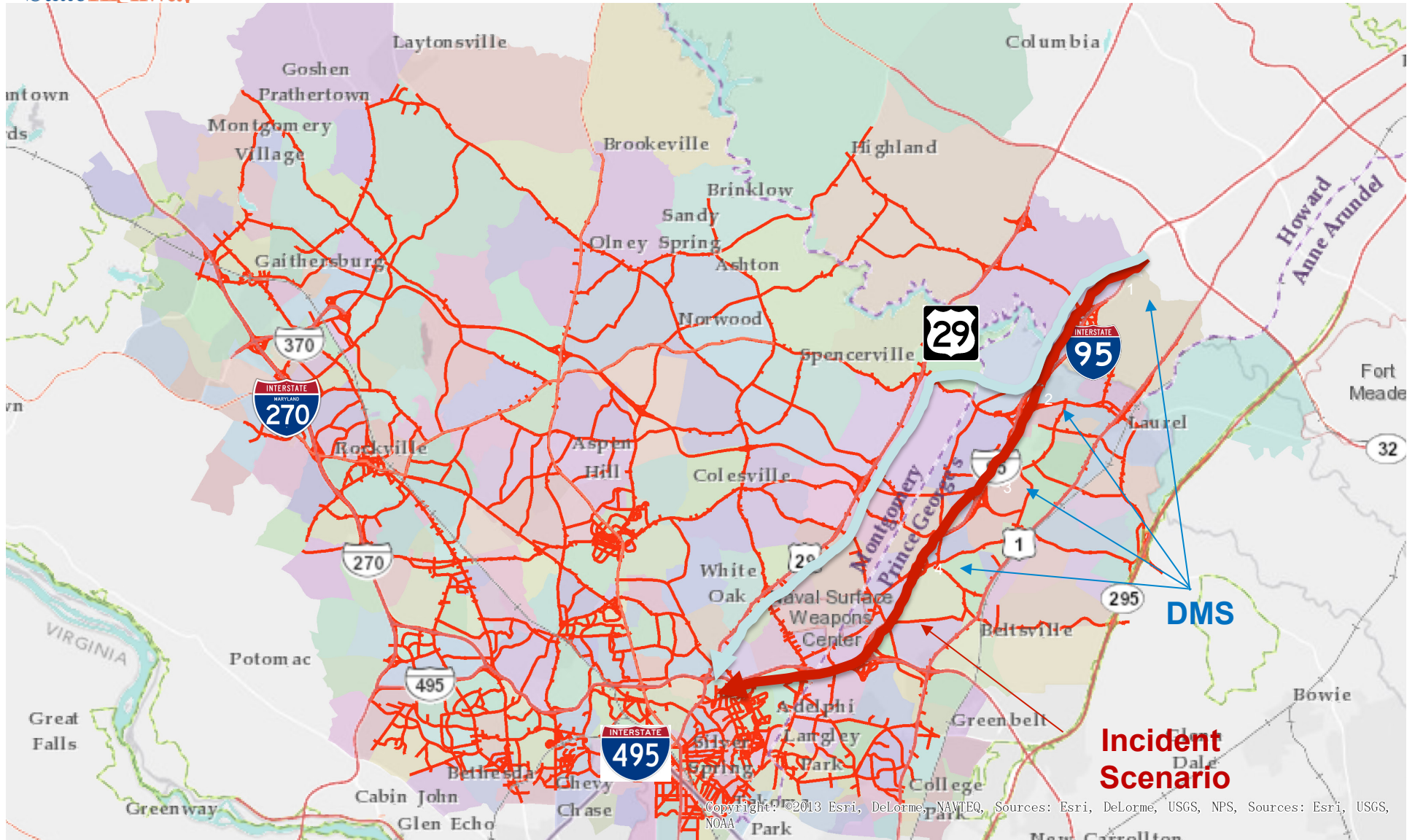
Model Re-calibration using Limited Local Data



Model Applications

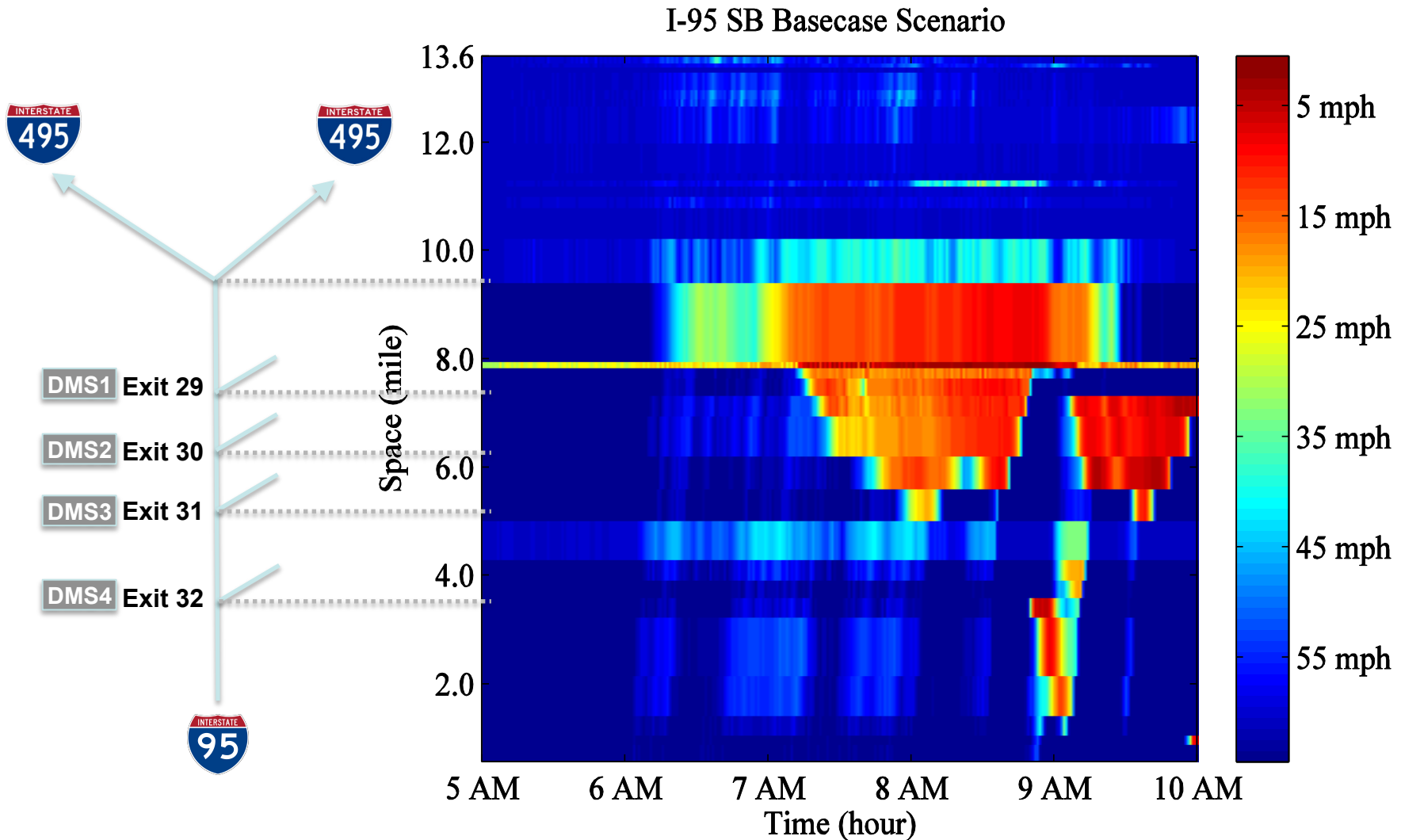
- Applications in transportation planning and TSM&O traffic management
 - Multimodal shifts and peak spreading in a future year scenario (completed)
 - Mode/route/departure time responses to land and urban development (completed)
 - Real-time responses to VMS, ramp metering, dynamic lane control, etc. (ongoing)
 - Work zone management (Future)

Application: Traffic Management



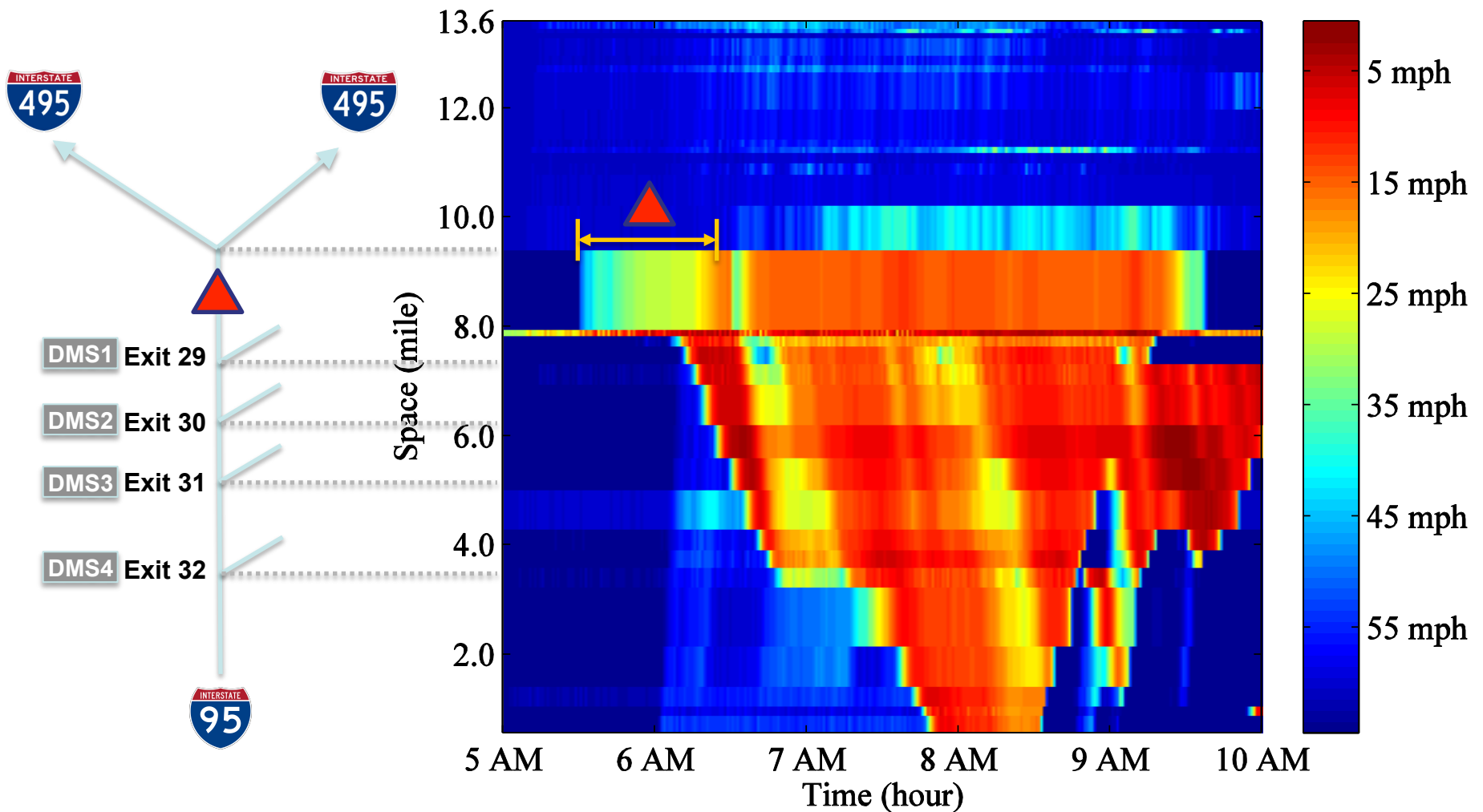
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Congestion: Baseline Scenario



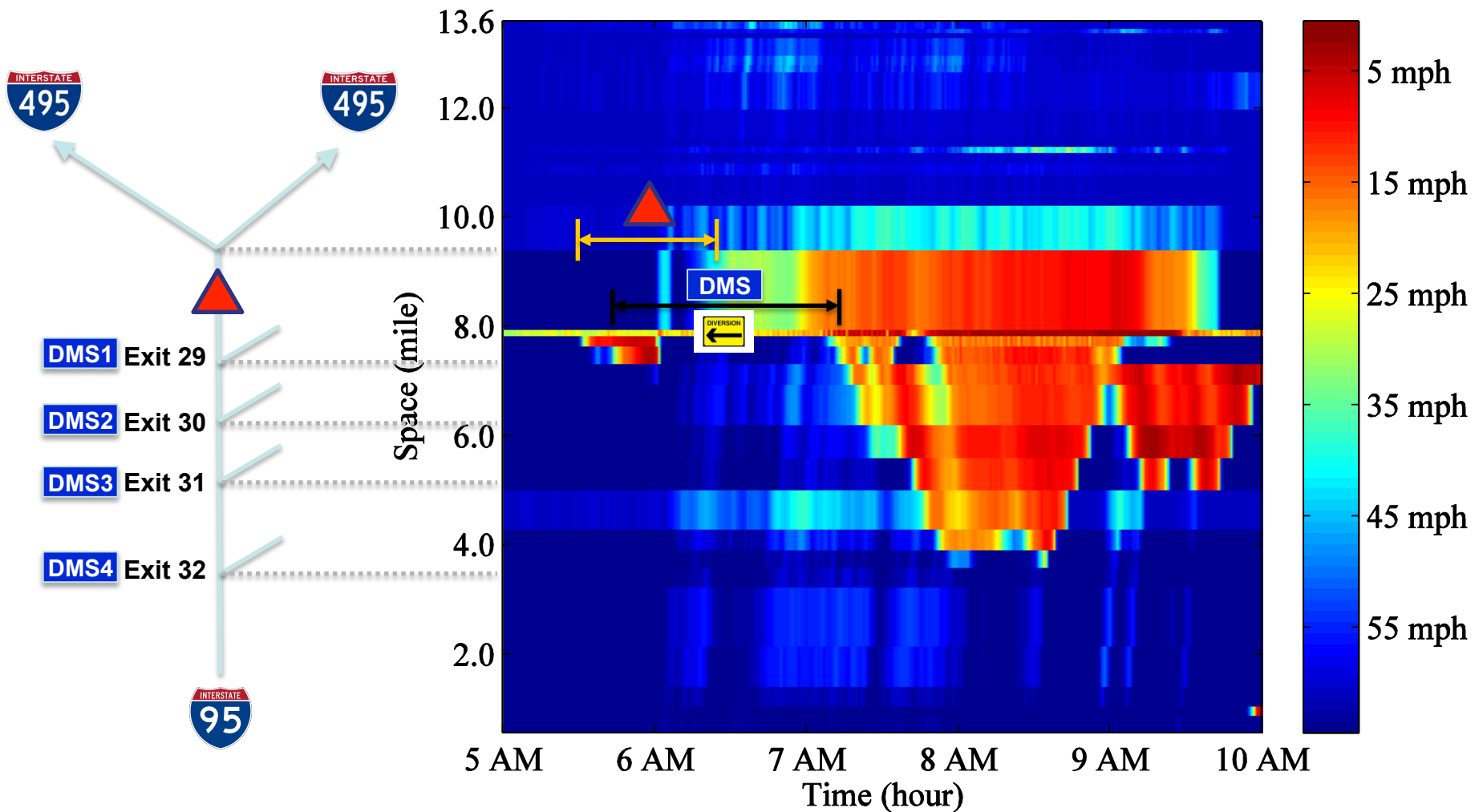
Accident without Re-Routing

I-95 SB Incident Scenario



With DMS Traffic Management

I-95 SB Diversion Scenario





Nov. 2015~May 2018

Integrated,
Personalized,
REal-time
Traveler
Information and
Incentive



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration



Baltimore
Metropolitan
Council



UNIVERSITY OF
MARYLAND



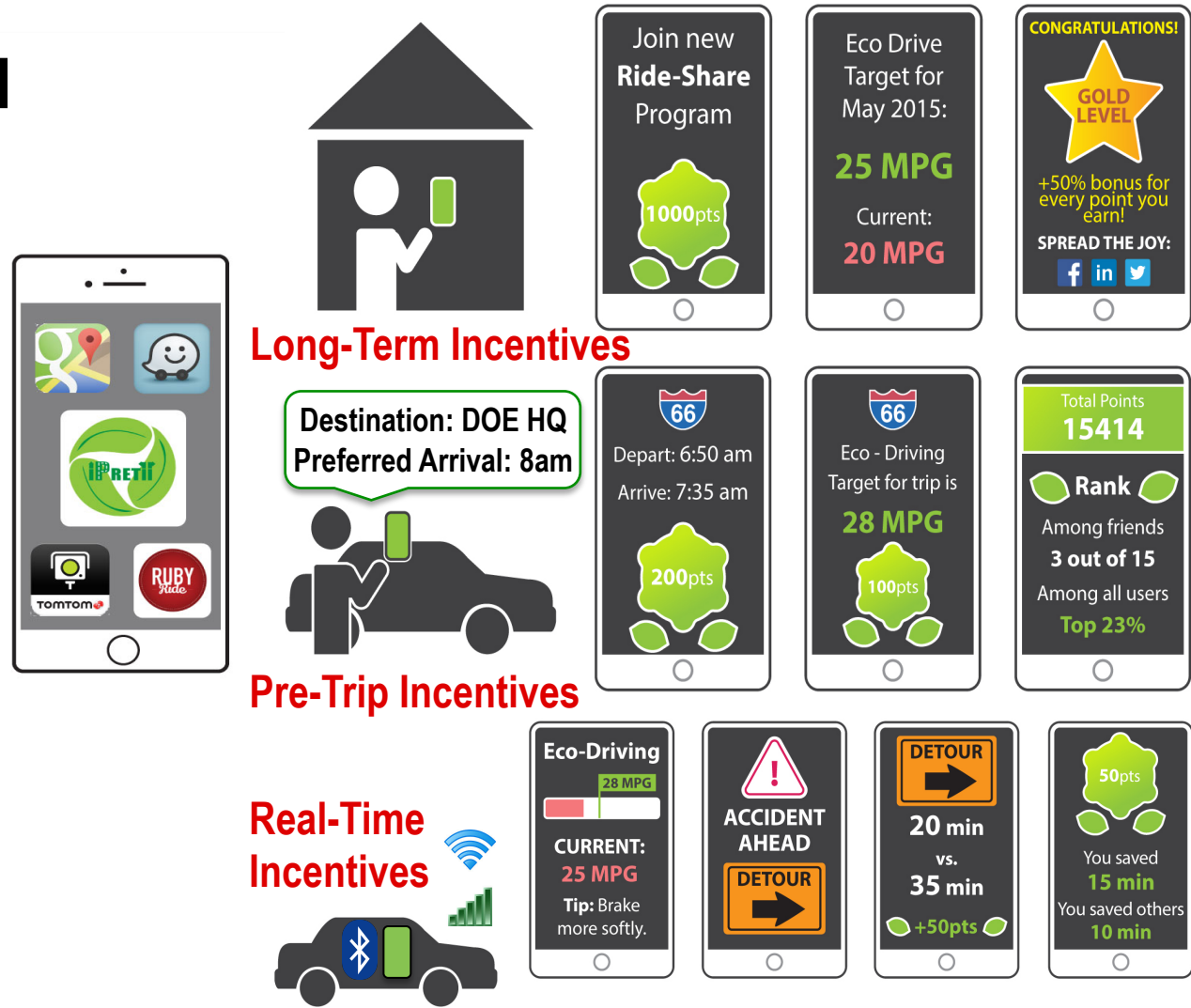
ARIZONA STATE
UNIVERSITY



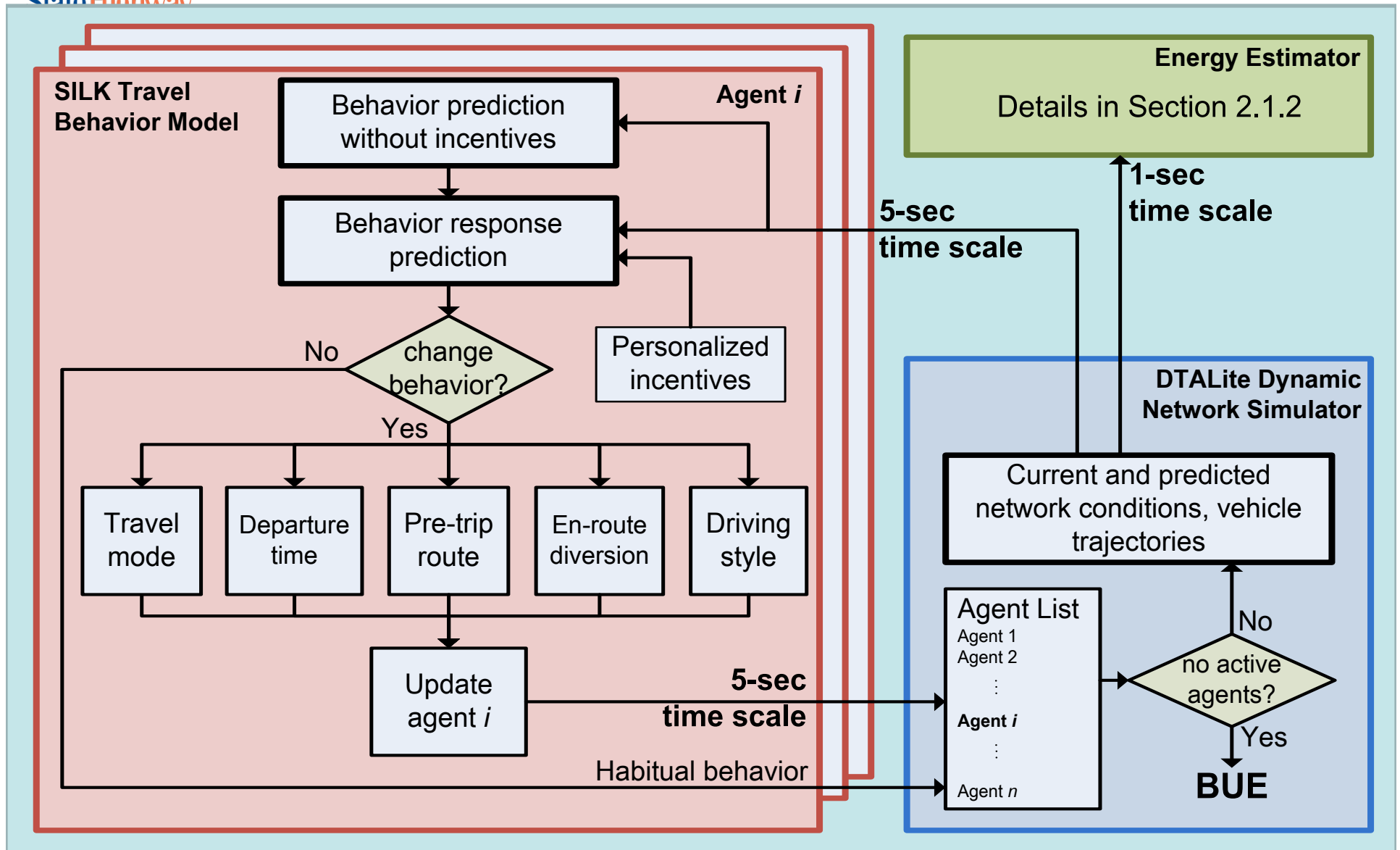
CAMBRIDGE
SYSTEMATICS

Incentive Structure

- Personalized information
- Customized incentives
- Loyalty program
- Gaming
- Social networking
- Peer influence



System Model



Control Optimizer

Strategic Planning

Optimize:
Technology adoption
Mode choice
Long-term eco-driving target



Day-Ahead Operations

Optimize:
Pre-trip mode choice
Departure time
Route choice
Pre-trip eco-driving target



Real-Time Operations

Optimize:
En-route diversion
En-route eco-driving
Update solutions in Day-Ahead Operations



Control Decisions

- Whether or not to incentivize a particular user
- Which travel choice(s) to influence
- Type and intensity of personalized incentive to be delivered.

Key Performance Targets

- Computational efficiency
- Solution quality
- Robustness
- Redundancy and resilience
- Accomplishing control objectives with minimum resource

Thank You!

Questions, Comments, and Suggestions are Welcome. Please Contact:

Lei Zhang, Ph.D.
Associate Professor
Director,
National Transportation Center
Department of Civil and
Environmental Engineering

1173 Glenn Martin Hall,
University of Maryland
College Park, MD 20742
Email: lei@umd.edu
Phone: 301-405-2881